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May 6, 1999

Dear Sir or Madam:

This letter is in response to your letter received April 19, 1999. The nature of your letter and the information you have provided require that we respond with a General Information Letter, which is designed to provide general information, is not a statement of Department policy and is not binding on the Department. See 86 Ill. Adm. Code 1200.120(b) and (c), enclosed.

In your letter, you have stated and made inquiry as follows:

In November 1997, COMPANY purchased a mail order company called BUSINESS located in CITY/STATE. As such, that company, whether it operates under its own name or COMPANY name, should be required to collect sales tax in this state on all its sales. As of this date, they do not. Furthermore they should be responsible for the sales tax on all sales from November 1997 to present. They have established a mail order division based in CITY under COMPANY name, where they do charge sales tax. Under BUSINESS, they do not charge state sales tax. As a result, your state is losing thousands and thousands of dollars in collectable revenues. When told of this, BUSINESS laughed, saying we will not charge tax. The BUSINESS corporate office phone number is ####. The corporate phone number for COMPANY--Finance Department is ####.

Illinois taxes the retail sale and use of tangible personal property under two separate but related statutes. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act imposes a tax upon persons engaged in the business of selling at retail tangible personal property. 35 ILCS 120/2 (1996 State Bar Edition). The Use Tax Act imposes a tax upon the privilege of using in this State tangible personal property purchased at retail from a retailer. 35 ILCS 105/3 (1996 State Bar Edition).

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The definition of a "retailer maintaining a place of business in Illinois" is set forth at 86 Ill. Adm. Code 150.201(i), see enclosed. An out-of-State retailer maintaining a place of business in this State is required to register with the State as an Illinois Use Tax collector. See the enclosed copy of 86 Ill. Adm. Code 150.801. The retailer must collect and remit Use Tax to the State

May 6, 1999

on behalf of its Illinois customers even though the retailer does not incur any Retailers' Occupation Tax liability.

The final type of retailer is simply the out-of-State retailer that does not have sufficient nexus with Illinois to be required to submit to Illinois tax law. A retailer in this situation does not incur Retailer' Occupation Tax on sales into Illinois and is not required to collect Use Tax on behalf of its Illinois customers. However, the retailer's Illinois customers will still incur Use Tax on the purchase of the out-of-State goods and have a duty to self-assess their Use Tax liability and remit the amount directly to the State.

The United States Supreme Court in *Quill Corp. v. North Dakota*, 112 S.Ct. 1904 (1992), set forth the current guidelines for determining what nexus requirements must be met before a person is properly subject to a state's sales tax laws. The Supreme Court has set out a two-prong test for nexus. The first prong is whether the Due Process Clause is satisfied. Due Process will be satisfied if the person or entity purposely avails himself or itself of the benefits of an economic market in a forum state. *Id.* at 1910. The second prong of the Supreme Court's nexus test requires that, if due process requirements have been satisfied, the person or entity must have physical presence in the forum state to satisfy the Commerce Clause.

A physical presence does not mean simply an office or other physical building. Under Illinois tax law, it also includes the presence of any representative or other agent of the seller. The representative need not be a sales representative and it is immaterial for tax purposes that the representative's presence is temporary.

Based upon the limited amount of facts set forth in your letter, we are unable to determine whether nexus requirements have been met. However, the information that you have submitted will be referred to the Department's Audit Bureau for further review.

I hope this information is helpful. The Department of Revenue maintains a Web site, which can be accessed at [www.revenue.state.il.us](http://www.revenue.state.il.us). If you have further questions related to the Illinois sales tax laws, please contact the Department's Taxpayer Information Division at (217) 782-3336.

If you are not under audit and you wish to obtain a binding Private Letter Ruling regarding your factual situation, please submit all of the information set out in items 1 through 8 of the enclosed copy of Section 1200.110(b).

Very truly yours,

Gina Roccaforte  
Associate Counsel

GR:msk  
Enc.